# Mandom Corporation 

## Business Results (April 1, 2004 - June 30, 2004)

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Stock Listing: Tokyo Stock Exchange, First Section
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## Consolidated Financial Highlights

(Note: Rounded off to millions)

|  | Net Sales <br> $(¥$ Million | Operating <br> Income <br> $¥ ¥$ Million) | Ordinary <br> Income <br> $(¥$ Million) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Three months ended June 30, 2004 | 12,488 | 2,162 | 2,203 |
| \% Change YoY | 4.2 | 9.6 | 8.7 |
| Three months ended June 30, 2003 | 11,988 | 1,973 | 2,027 |
| (Reference) FY ended March 31, 2004 | 45,364 | 6,680 | 6,304 |


|  | Net Income <br> $(¥$ Million $)$ | EPS <br> $(¥)$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Three months ended June 30, 2004 | 881 | 39.12 |
| \% Change YoY | $\triangle 13.2$ | $(-)$ |
| Three months ended June 30, 2003 | 1,015 | 45.06 |
| (Reference) FY ended March 31, 2004 | 3,253 | 130.83 |

Note: Percentages figures indicated for net sales, operating income, ordinary income and net income are year-on-year \% changes compared with the first quarter of the previous fiscal year.

The Japanese economy in the first quarter of this term (April 1 to June 30, 2004) witnessed a clear improvement in all industrial indicators such as plant and equipment investment. However, although the economy seems to be moving smoothly, personal consumption has not picked up fully. The cosmetics industry is no exception and is still facing an uphill struggle.

Against this general picture, Mandom's performance in the first quarter of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2005, indicates a good start, with increases in sales and income. Sadly though, in net profit terms, there was a decrease in income due to a poorly performing subsidiary where doubt has now been cast in the recoverability of deferred income tax charges, which consequently were dealt with in their entirety this quarter.

In sales, continued growth has been seen in the Group's overseas operations in Asia where recovery in economic growth has become clearly defined. The trend in profits is healthy and good performance here has offset the struggling figures in Japan. Noteworthy is the core brand Gatsby, which grew dramatically in sales overseas mainly on the strength of wax products. In Japan, the Company's business met with a small drop in income, the reasons being that the priority area of hair coloring albeit growing did not attain target levels and the women's cosmetics (imported brand) sold by a subsidiary continued to decline.

On the production front, ongoing cost cutting efforts are reaping rewards, with profitability rising in this first quarter over the same period of the preceding year. Overseas, marketing expenditure such as A \& P costs was at a modest level, pushing both operating income and ordinary income up to a high level of increase. Sunwa Marketing Co. of Hong Kong, which became subject to the equity method as of FY2005, accrued an equity method investment profit of $¥ 8$ million.

Also in FY 2005, Mandom Korea Corp. became a consolidated subsidiary. Its (net) contribution this quarter was roughly $¥ 110$ million in sales and $¥ 20$ million in net income.

Asia's share rose in sales (segment figures) and operating profit, as did the ratio of overseas sales to the whole. Overseas (Asia) operations is steadily gathering
steam as the Group's growth engine.

## Financial Condition

Consolidated Basis

|  | Total Assets <br> $(¥$ Million) | Shareholders’ <br> Equity <br> $(¥$ Million $)$ | Shareholders' <br> Equity Ratio <br> $(\%)$ | Assets Per <br> Share <br> $(\not))$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Three months ended <br> June 30, 2004 <br> Three months ended <br> June 30, 2003 | 46,738 | 36,870 | 78.9 | $1,528.34$ |
| (Reference) FY Ended <br> March 31, 2004 | 43,877 | 34,905 | 79.6 | $1,446.85$ |

Mandom Group’s total assets as of the e nd of this first quarter stood at $¥ 46,738$ million, an increase of $¥ 1,264$ million compared to FY 2004, partly due to the inclusion of Mandom Korea Corp. as a consolidated subsidiary from this term. With regard assets, inventories rose by $¥ 915$ million, whereas with regard to liabilities, purchasing liabilities (i.e. notes payable, accounts payable) rose by $¥ 739$ million. This is not a permanent feature, as inventory investment level on new products and others went up in the short term. Owing to the strength of overseas operations, minority interests (only occurring in overseas subsidiaries) increased $¥ 172$ million.

In the first quarter of FY 2005, there were no significant changes that may pose any threat to the financial health of the Group.

## Cash Flow

Consolidated Basis ( $¥$ Million)

|  | Cash flow <br> from <br> operations | Cash flow <br> from investing <br> activities | Cash flow from <br> financial <br> activities | End of quarter <br> cash and cash <br> equivalents |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Three months ended <br> June 30, 2004 <br> Three months ended <br> June 30, 2003 | 1,461 | $\triangle 1,237$ | $\Delta 628$ | 9,429 |
| (Reference) FY Ended <br> March 31, 2004 | 923 | 162 | $\Delta 724$ | 9,028 |

Cash flow from operations in the first quarter of FY 2005 totaled $¥ 1,461$ million, $¥ 538$ million more than that in the same period of the preceding year. This is due chiefly to the pre-tax net income increasing by $¥ 182$ million compared to the first quarter of FY 2004, plus corporate tax and other payments decreasing by $¥ 416$ million. Thus, pre-tax net income was $¥ 2,217$ million; with depreciation cost being $¥ 386$ million (similar to the first quarter of FY2004).

Cash flow from investment activities ( $¥ 393$ million expenditure on fixed assets and $¥ 885$ million from acquisition, redemption and sale of marketable securities) left a negative balance of $¥ 1,237$ million. In financial activities, $¥ 627$ million was spent on payment of dividends to shareholders including minority shareholders. Cash and cash equivalents on hand at the end of this first quarter decreased $¥ 337$ million over the quarter to rest at $¥ 9,429$ million.
<Reference 1> Financial Results: Three Months Ended June 30, 2004 ( $\ddagger$ Million)

|  | Net Sales | Operating <br> Income | Ordinary Income | Net Income |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Three months ended <br> June 30, 2004 <br> Three months ended <br> June 30, 2003 | 8,900 | 1,429 | 1,729 | 1,086 |


|  | Total Assets | Shareholders' <br> Equity |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Three months ended <br> June 30, 2004 <br> Three months ended <br> June 30, 2003 | 43,610 | 37,587 |

Outlook for Fiscal Year, Ending March 31, 2005
Consolidated Basis

|  | Net Sales <br> $(\neq$ Million $)$ | Ordinary Income <br> $(¥$ Million $)$ | Net Income <br> $(¥$ Million $)$ | Earnings Per <br> Share <br> $(\neq)$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Interim | 24,450 | 4,100 | 2,200 | 91.19 |
| FY ending March 2005 | 46,400 | 6,700 | 3,600 | 149.23 |

The outlook for the second quarter and beyond looks bright in terms of sales, with the hot summer weather in Japan pushing up shipment of seasonal products. Nevertheless, adverse market environment is likely to persist for the core categories of hair coloring and women's cosmetics. Overseas, continued good performance is foreseen but exchange rates are weakening compared to the first quarter, prompting plans for an increase in the investment input into marketing expenditure. Cost reduction is expected to accelerate.

In view of these anticipated conditions, the Company at present has no reason to make any changes to the performance forecasts announced at the beginning of the term.
<Reference 2> Forecast for Fiscal Year, Ending March 31, 2005
Parent Company Basis (Period from April 1, 2004 to March 31, 2005)

|  | Net Sales <br> ( $¥$ Million) | Ordinary Income ( $¥$ Million) | Net Income ( $¥$ Million) | Dividend (Year) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{H} 2$ <br> ( $¥$ ) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FY } \\ & (\neq) \end{aligned}$ |
| Interim | 18,208 | 3,430 | 2,050 | 25.00 |  |  |
| FY ending March 2005 | 33,700 | 5,300 | 3,100 | 25.0050 .00 |  |  |

Forecasts are based on assumptions, outlook and planning for the future at the time of making the forecast. Based on the risks inherent in the economic environment, changes in market conditions and exchange rate, there is a possibility that actual performance may differ from the figures indicated above.

## Segment Information

## 1. Segment Sales Information

Three months: (Period from April 1, 2004 to June 30, 2004)
( $¥$ Million)

|  | Japan | Asia | Total | Internal sales/ <br> transfers | Consolidated |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Sales and operating expenses <br> Sales |  |  |  |  |  |
| (1) Sales to external customers | 9,202 | 3,285 | 12,488 | - | 12,488 |
| (2) Internal sales and transfers | 680 | 128 | 808 | $\triangle 808$ | - |
| Total | 9,883 | 3,413 | 13,296 | $\triangle 808$ | 12,488 |
| Operating expenses | 8,575 | 2,559 | 11,134 | $\triangle 808$ | 10,325 |
| Operating Income | 1,307 | 854 | 2,162 | 0 | 2,162 |

Three months: (Period from April 1, 2003 to June 30, 2003)
( $¥$ Million)

|  | Japan | Asia | Total | Internal sales/ <br> transfers | Consolidated |
| :---: | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Sales and operating expenses |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales |  |  |  |  |  |
| (1) Sales to external customers | 9,285 | 2,703 | 11,988 | - | 11,988 |
| (2) Internal sales and transfers | 382 | 127 | 509 | $\triangle 509$ | - |
| Total | 9,667 | 2,830 | 12,498 | $\triangle 509$ | 11,988 |
| Operating expenses | 8,324 | 2,200 | 10,525 | $\triangle 509$ | 10,015 |
| Operating Income | 1,343 | 630 | 1,973 | - | 1,973 |


| Previous consolidated fiscal year: (Period from April 1, 2003 to March 31, 2004) |
| :--- |
|  ( $¥$ Million)     <br> Sales and operating expenses Japan Asia Total $\begin{array}{l}\text { Internal sales/ } \\ \text { transfers }\end{array}$ Consolidated <br> Sales      <br> (1) Sales to external customers 35,711 9,652 45,364  - <br> (2) Internal sales and transfers 1,823 420 2,243 $\triangle 2,243$ 45,364 <br> Total 37,535 10,072 47,607 $\triangle 2,243$ 45,364 <br> Operating expenses 32,278 8,650 40,928 $\triangle 2,245$ 38,683 <br> Operating Income 5,256 1,422 6,678  1$] 6,680$ |

## Notes:

1) Calculated by country and area, according to mutual operational involvement
2) Major markets overseas:

Asia: Indonesia, Singapore, Malaysia, Taiwan and the Philippines

## 2. Overseas Sales

Three months: (Period from April 1, 2004 to June 30, 2004)
( $¥$ Million)

|  | Asia | Other | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| I. Overseas sales | 2,923 | 207 | 3,131 |
| II. Consolidated sales |  |  | 12,488 |
| III. Overseas sales as percentage | $\%$ | $\%$ | $\%$ |
| of total consolidated sales | 23.4 | 1.7 | 25.1 |

Three months: (Period from April 1, 2003 to June 30, 2003)
( $¥$ Million)

|  | Asia | Other | Total |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| I. Overseas sales | 2,667 | 258 | 2,926 |
| II. Consolidated sales |  |  | 11,988 |
| III. Overseas sales as percentage | $\%$ | $\%$ | $\%$ |
| of total consolidated sales | 22.3 | 2.2 | 24.4 |

Previous consolidated accounting year: (Period from April 1, 2003 to March 31, 2004)
( $¥$ Million)

|  | Asia | Other | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| I. Overseas sales | 9,783 | 886 | 10,670 |
| II. Consolidated sales |  |  | 45,364 |
| III. Overseas sales as percentage <br> of total consolidated sales | $\%$ | $\%$ | $\%$ |

## Notes:

1) Calculated by country and area, according to mutual operational involvement
2) Major markets overseas:

Asia: East Asia and ASEAN
Other: Federation of Arab Emirates, Brazil, North America
3) Overseas sales consist of exports from Japan and sales by overseas consolidated subsidiaries (excluding sales to Japan)

