

January 30, 2015

## **Consolidated Business Results** (April 1, 2014 to December 31, 2014: Japanese Standards)

Corporate Name: Mandom Corporation

Listed Exchange: Tokyo Code Number: 4917

URL: http://www.mandom.co.jp

Representative: Motonobu Nishimura, Representative Director & President Executive Officer

Contact: Kazunori Koshikawa, Executive Officer & General Manager, Financial Management

Division

TEL (81)-6-6767-5001

**Expected Release Date of Quarterly Report:** February 6, 2015

**Dividend Payout:** 

**Documents Providing Supplemental Information:** None Financial Briefing: None

(Figures rounded down to the nearest million yen)

## 1. Consolidated Earnings for the First 3 Quarters of the Fiscal Year Ended March 2015 (April 1, 2014 to December 31, 2014)

## (1)Consolidated Financial Highlights(cumulative)

(% = change vs. same period in prior year)

	Net Sales		Operation	Operating Income		Ordinary Income		Net Income	
	¥ millions	%	¥ millions	%	¥ millions	%	¥ millions	%	
First 3 Quarters,FYE March 2015	54,537	3.2	7,020	△7.6	7,533	$\triangle 6.0$	4,508	△3.7	
First 3 Quarters,FYE March 2014	52,824	12.3	7,600	26.8	8,013	27.8	4,681	22.4	

Note:Comprehensive Income

First 3 Quarters, FYE March 2015 ¥5,850million (△4.7%) First 3 Quarters, FYE March 2014

¥6,140million (70.3%)

	Earnings per Share	Diluted Earnings per Share
	yen	yen
First 3 Quarters,FYE March 2015	192.85	_
First 3 Quarters,FYE March 2014	200.22	_

### (2) Consolidated Financial Position

	Total Assets	Net Assets	Shareholders' Equity Ratio	
	¥ millions	¥ millions	%	
First 3 Quarters,FYE March 2015	71,216	59,048	76.5	
FYE March 2014	67,858	55,179	75.2	

Reference: Shareholders' Equity

First 3 Ouarters, FYE March 2015 ¥54.467million FYE March 2014 ¥51,038million

## 2.Dividends

	Annual Dividend					
	First Quarter End	Second Quarter End	Third Quarter End	Year End	Total	
	yen	yen	yen	yen	yen	
FYE March 2014	_	33.00	_	37.00	70.00	
FYE March 2015	_	37.00	_			
FYE March 2015(forecast)				37.00	74.00	

Note: Changes to most recently reported dividend forecast: None

# 3.Consolidated Earnings Forecast, Fiscal Year Ending March 2015 (April 1, 2014 to March 31, 2015)

(% = change vs. same period in prior year)

	Net Sales		Operating Inc	ome	e Ordinary Income		Net Income		Earnings per Share
	¥ millions	%	¥ millions	%	¥ millions	%	¥ millions	%	yen
Full Year	71,200	4.4	7,120	3.9	7,420	1.2	4,320	5.6	184.78

(Note) Changes to most recently reported earnings forecast: None

#### \*Notes

- (1) Changes in consolidation of significant subsidiaries during the cumulative consolidated quarter (changes in consolidation of specific subsidiaries): None
- (2)Application of special accounting treatment in the preparation of quarterly financial statements: Yes
- (3) Changes in accounting estimates, methods, or presentation
  - a. Changes in accounting methods in connection with changes: Yes
  - b. Changes in accounting methods other than a.: None
  - c. Changes in accounting estimates: None
  - d. Changes in presentation: None

### (4)Issued shares (common stock)

a. Shares outstanding, end of year (including treasury stock)

3Q, FYE March 2015	24,134,606 shares
FYE March 2014	24,134,606 shares

b.Treasury stock, end of period

3Q, FYE March 2015	755,724 shares
FYE March 2014	755,434 shares

c. Average outstanding shares during the period

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3Q, FYE March 2015	23,379,106 shares
3Q, FYE March 2014	23,379,583 shares

## \*Implementation Status of Quarterly Review Procedures

These quarterly financial statements are exempt from quarterly review procedures required under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act. At the time of disclosure, quarterly financial statement review procedures for these quarterly financial statements had not been completed.

## \*Appropriate Use of Business Forecasts; Other Special Items

Information in this report concerning future performance is based on information available and certain assumptions deemed reasonable. Forecasts are not promises of future performance. Actual earnings may differ significantly from forecasts due to a number of factors.

See page 5. of the attached materials, "1. Qualitative Information concerning Quarterly Financial Statements, (3) Qualitative Information concerning Forecast of Consolidated Earnings" for important notes concerning assumptions used for earnings forecasts and the appropriate use of earnings forecasts.

#### <Attachment>

## 1. Qualitative Information concerning Quarterly Financial Statements

## (1) Qualitative Information concerning Consolidated Results of Operations

During the cumulative consolidated third quarter, Japan's economy demonstrated a gradual recovery buoyed by government economic and financial policies, but the future remains uncertain due to factors such as stagnant consumer spending resulting from an increase in consumption taxes and the impact of a rapidly weakening yen. Meanwhile, the economies throughout Asia—our main sphere of international operations—continued to recover, exhibiting overall strength.

Given these economic conditions, the Mandom Group is pursuing initiatives which we believe will lead to sustained growth:

Stable growth in our core men's grooming business

Expansion of our women's cosmetics business

Continued expansion of overseas sales, emphasizing Asia as an engine of growth

The Mandom Group recorded third quarter consolidated net sales of ¥54.537 billion (a 3.2% year-on-year increase). This increase was mainly due to overall favorable trends in Japan and overseas.

Operating income amounted to \(\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\text{\frac{\text{\finity}}}{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\text{\frac{\tinx{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\tinx{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\tinx{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\tinx{\frac{\tinx{\frac{\tinx{\frac{\text{\frac{\frac{\tinx{\frac{\frac{\ticl{\frac{\text{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\text{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\ti}{\tex{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\tex{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frax{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\fr

Group earnings by segments are as provided below (sales shown are net sales to external clients).

Net sales in Japan amounted to \(\frac{\pmathbf{3}}{3}2.487\) billion, which was a 1.8% year-on-year increase. This increase was due to favorable performance of Lucido and women's products despite sluggishness of "Gatsby," the most important product line. Operating income was down 9.5% year-on-year to \(\frac{\pmathbf{4}}{4}.514\) billion. This was due to an increase in the cost ratio and aggressive investment in marketing expenses (sales promotion expense).

Net sales in Indonesia reached \(\pmathbb{\text{\text{\$\frac{45}\$}}}\) billion, representing a 3.2% year-on-year increase. This result was mainly due to foreign-exchange decreases resulting from local currency devaluation, which was more than offset by performance in Indonesia of our core Gatsby brand and other men's products. Operating income was down 27.5% year-on-year to \(\pmathbe{\text{\text{\$\frac{45}{968}\$}}}\) million. We attribute this decrease mainly to the result of aggressive investment in marketing expenses (sales promotion and advertising expense).

Net sales in other overseas regions amounted to \$9.205 billion, representing an 8.6% year-on-year gain. This result was mainly due to overall favorable performance on a local currency basis, except for certain regions, and foreign-exchange gains due to the weaker yen. Also, greater revenues led to a 20.6% year-on-year gain in operating income, up to \$1.537 billion.

## (2) Qualitative Information concerning Consolidated Financial Position (Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets)

Total consolidated assets as of the end of the third fiscal quarter amounted to \(\frac{\pmathbf{7}}{7.216}\) billion, representing a \(\frac{\pmathbf{3}}{3.357}\) billion increase compared to the end of the prior consolidated fiscal year. This increase was mainly due to an increase in merchandise and finished goods and notes and accounts receivable – trade. Although there was an increase in short-term borrowings, a decrease in accrued expenses included in other current liabilities and other factors resulted in total liabilities decreasing \(\frac{\pmathbf{5}}{510}\) million compared to the end of the prior consolidated fiscal year to \(\frac{\pmathbf{1}}{2.168}\) billion. Net assets amounted to \(\frac{\pmathbf{5}}{59.048}\) billion. This was a \(\frac{\pmathbf{3}}{3.868}\) billion increase compared to the end of the prior consolidated fiscal year, owing in part to higher retained earnings. Shareholders' equity ratio at the end of the third quarter was 76.5%.

## (Cash Flows)

Consolidated cash and cash equivalents ("cash") for the cumulative third quarter decreased by ¥426 million compared to the end of the prior consolidated fiscal year to ¥10.463 billion.

The following details the main factors affecting cash flows during the third quarter.

## <Cash Flows from Operating Activities>

Cash flows from operating activities amounted to \(\frac{\text{\finter{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\text{\frac{\ticl{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\ticl{\tince{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\ticl{\tinxex{\frac{\tinxex{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\ticl{\text{\frac{\tinxet{\frac{\tinxet{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\text{\frac{\frac{\tinxet{\frac{\text{\frac{\frac{\tinxet{\frac{\frac{\tinxet{\frac{\fra

### <Cash Flows from Investing Activities>

Consolidated cash used in investing activities amounted to \(\frac{\text{\frac{4}}}{4.555}\) billion, which was a \(\frac{\text{\frac{1}}}{1.036}\) billion increase compared to the same period in the prior fiscal year. This was due mainly to a decrease in proceeds from repayments of time deposits.

#### <Cash Flows from Financing Activities>

Consolidated cash used in financing activities amounted to ¥923 million, which was a ¥901 million decrease compared to the same period in the prior fiscal year. This was primarily due to proceeds from short-term loans.

#### (3) Qualitative Information concerning Forecasts of Consolidated Earnings

The Mandom Group has made no changes to consolidated full-year earnings forecasts as published on May 8, 2014.

### 2. Summary Information (Notes)

## (1) Application of Special Accounting Treatment in the Preparation of Quarterly Financial Statements

The Company has made reasonable estimates of effective tax rates after applying tax-effect accounting to net income before net income taxes for the consolidated fiscal period including the consolidated third quarter for the Company and domestic consolidated subsidiaries. Income tax expense has been calculated by multiplying quarterly net income before income taxes by the estimated effective tax rate.

## (2) Changes in Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates, and Restatements (Changes in Accounting Policies)

Beginning the first quarter of the current consolidated fiscal year, the Group adopted the provisions of Paragraph 35 of the Accounting Standard for Retirement Benefits and Paragraph 67 of the Guidance on Accounting Standard for Retirement Benefits as provided in the Accounting Standard for Retirement Benefits (ASBJ Statement No.26, May 17, 2012) and the Guidance on Accounting Standard for Retirement Benefits (ASBJ Guidance No. 25, May 17, 2012). Under this new accounting policy, the Group has revised its method of calculating retirement benefit obligations and service costs. The Group has replaced the straight-line attribution basis with the benefit formula basis for the method of attributing expected benefit to periods.

Further, the Group has adopted a method to determine the discount rate by using the single weighted average discount rate reflecting the estimated timing and amount of benefit payment, replacing the use of the discount rate based on the expected average remaining working lives of the employees.

In accordance with the transitional application as provided in Paragraph 37 of the Accounting Standard for Retirement Benefits, the Group has, beginning with the start of the third quarter of the current consolidated fiscal year, taken the effects of the changes in calculation method for retirement benefit obligations and service costs directly to retained earnings.

As a result, the impact of this accounting change on the retirement benefit obligation and retained earnings at the beginning of the cumulative consolidated third quarter of the current year is minimal. In addition, the impact of this accounting change on income for the cumulative consolidated third quarter is minimal.